

# $t\bar{t}H$ production at the LHC

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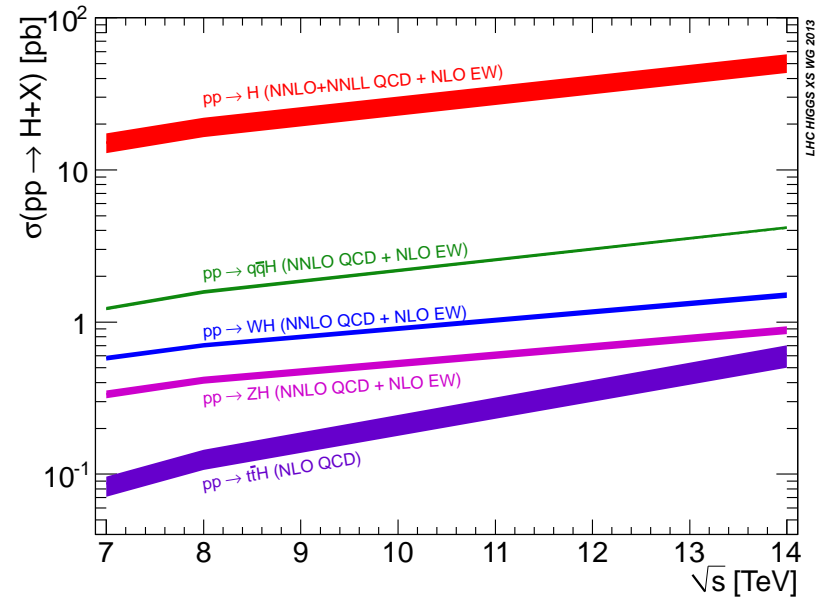
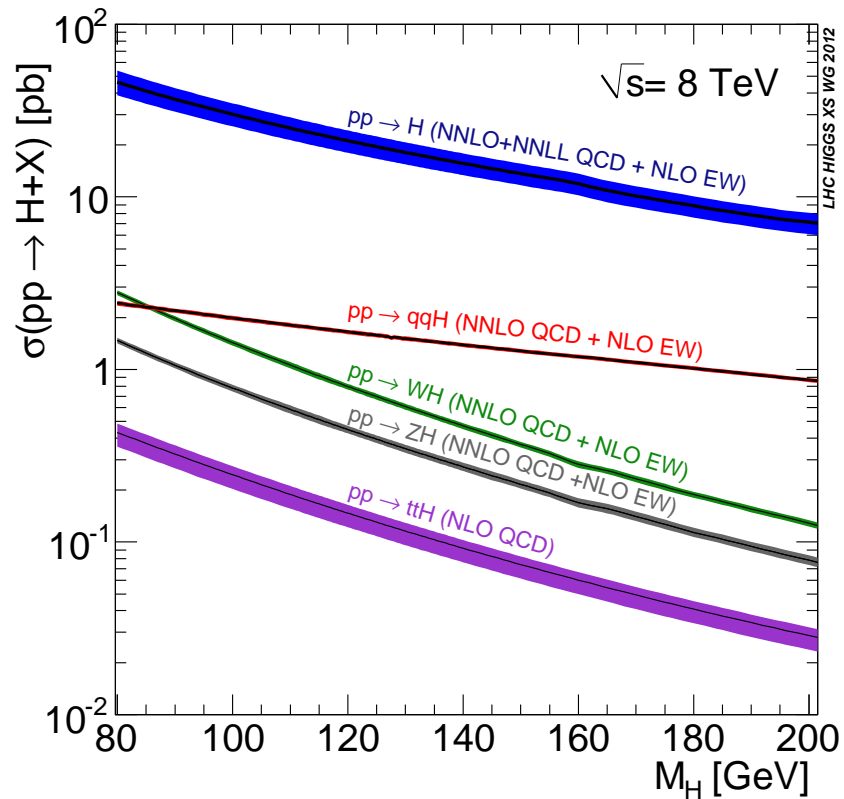
Spring Institute 2014: High-energy physics after LHC Run I

March 2014

# Outline

- Motivations for  $t\bar{t}H$  studies.
- First results coming from LHC's Run I data, most expected from Run II data.
- Difficult channel: Run I results are encouraging and show how theoretical systematic uncertainty could become a limitation.
- Review of recent theoretical progress and ongoing studies.
- Outlook and conclusions.

# Motivations



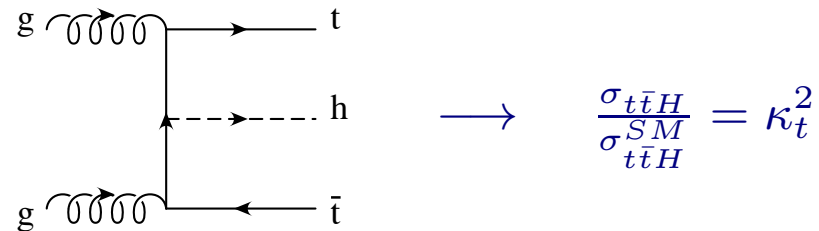
Small cross section that grows substantially from 7 – 8 to 14 TeV.

For  $M_H = 125$  GeV (and including NLO corrections):

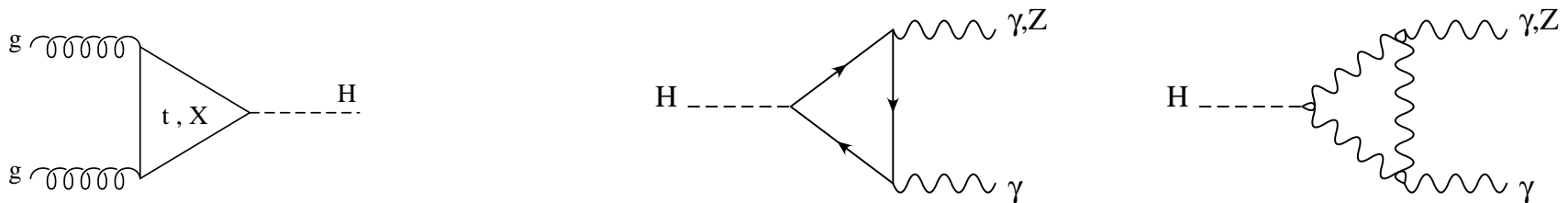
- $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV:  $\sigma(t\bar{t}H) \simeq 86$  fb
- $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV:  $\sigma(t\bar{t}H) \simeq 130$  fb
- $\sqrt{s} = 14$  TeV:  $\sigma(t\bar{t}H) \simeq 611$  fb

# Motivations

After the discovery of a Higgs-boson at 125 GeV, the focus is on precision measurements of its couplings.

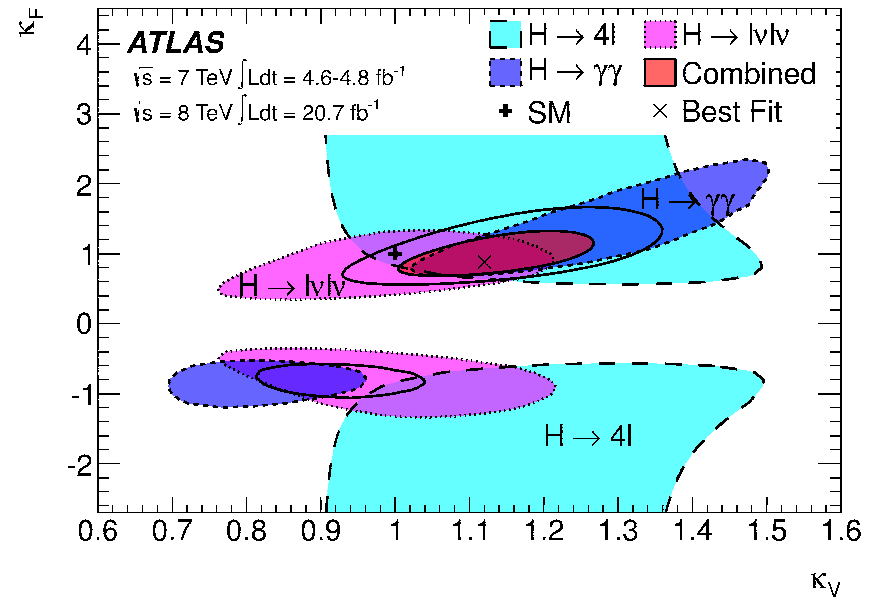
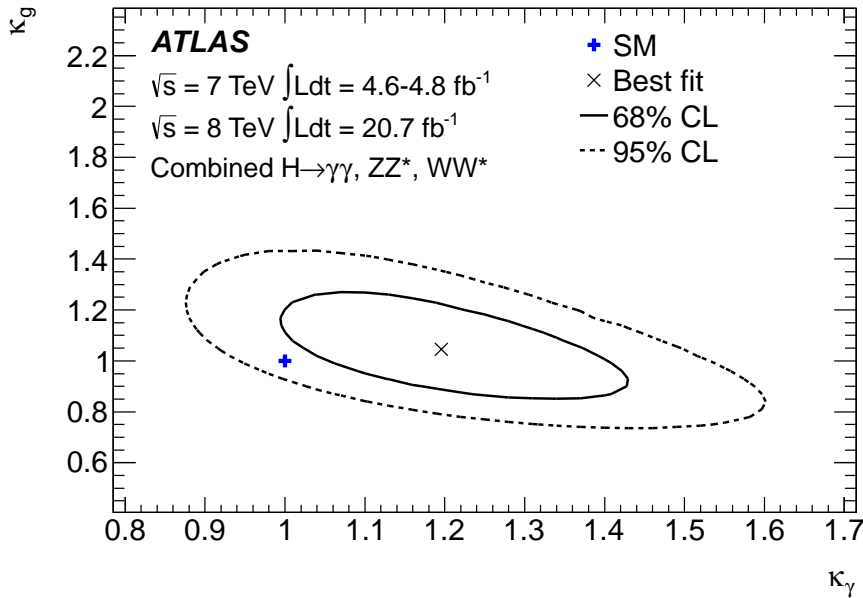


$t\bar{t}H$  gives direct access to the top-Higgs Yukawa coupling: crucial to disentangle new physics from measurements of the  $ggH$  and  $\gamma\gamma H$  couplings.



$$\frac{\sigma_{ggH}}{\sigma_{ggH}^{SM}} = \kappa_g^2(\kappa_t, \kappa_b, m_H, X)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma H}}{\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma H}^{SM}} = \kappa_\gamma^2(\kappa_t, \kappa_b, \kappa_W, m_H, X)$$



See studies in:

[ATLAS-CONF-2012-127](#), and [arXiv:1307.1427](#)

[CMS-PAS-HIG-12-020](#)

Notice:

- ▷ hard to constrain  $\kappa_t$  from  $(\kappa_g, \kappa_\gamma)$  fit, direct  $\kappa_t$  measurement is crucial
- ▷ sign of  $\kappa_t$  cannot come from  $t\bar{t}H \rightarrow H + t$  production  
 (see [Biswah, Gabrielli, Mele](#), [arXiv:1211.0499](#),  $pp \rightarrow tq + H \rightarrow tq + \gamma\gamma$ )

New: study of spin correlation in  $t\bar{t}H$

Spin-correlation effects can be used to distinguish scalar vs pseudoscalar associated production, i.e. SM from non-SM effects

↪ Artoisenet, Frederix, Mattelaer, Rietkerk, arXiv:1212.3460

and can be very visible in decay product's kinematic distributions,

↪ Ellis, Hwang, Sakurai, Takeuchi, arXiv:1312.5736

and even more can be used to improve the separation of signal ( $t\bar{t}H$ ) and some irreducible backgrounds (e.g.  $t\bar{t}\gamma\gamma$ )

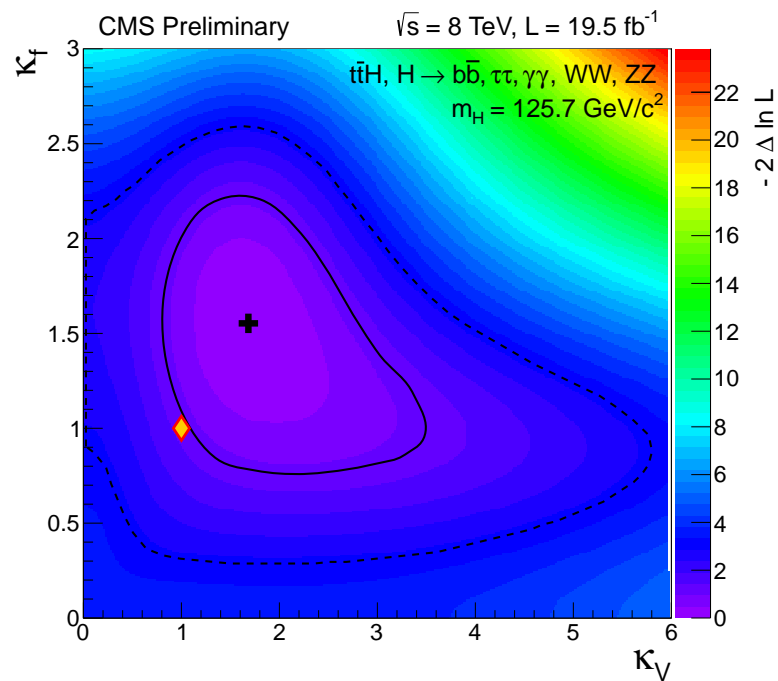
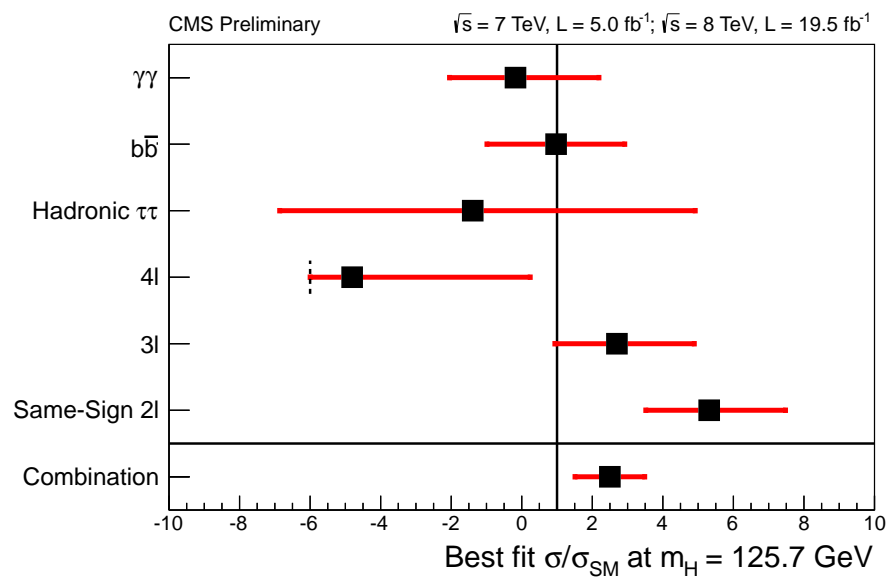
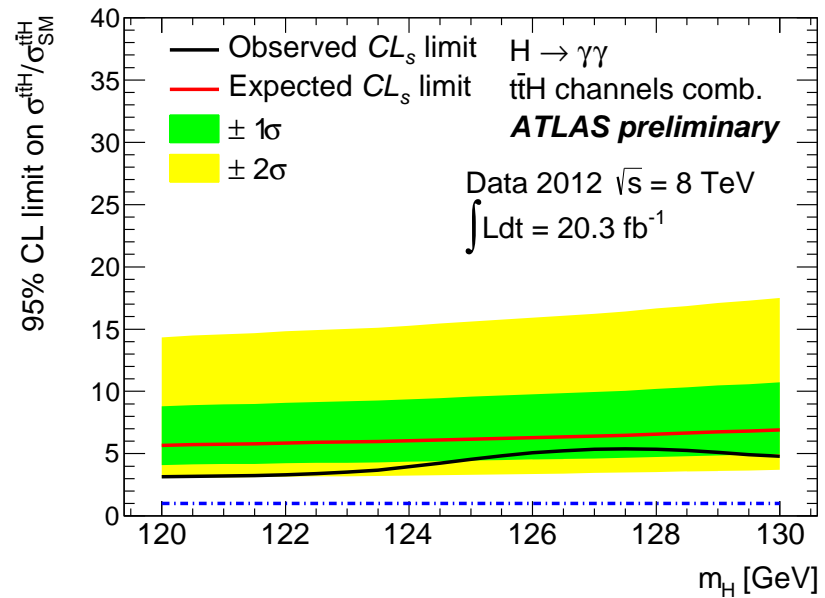
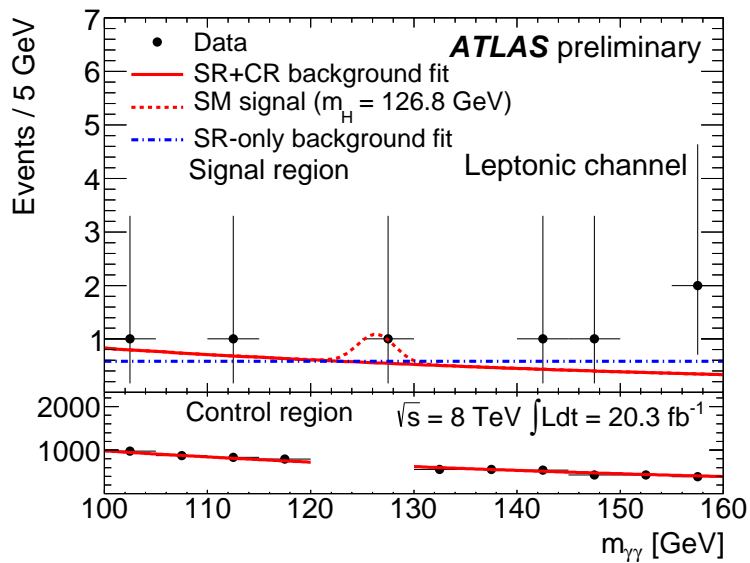
↪ (Biswah, Frederix, Gabrielli, Mele, arXiv:1403.1790) → See B. Mele's talk

# Results for $t\bar{t}H$ from LHC Run I

- ATLAS
  - ▷  $t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  : ATLAS-CONF-2012-135
  - ▷  $t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  : ATLAS-CONF-2013-080
- CMS
  - ▷  $t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow b\bar{b}, \tau^+\tau^-$  : CMS-PAS HIG-13-019
  - ▷  $t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  : CMS-PAS HIG-13-015

With a data set of about  $5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at  $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$  and  $20 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at  $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ , they observe:

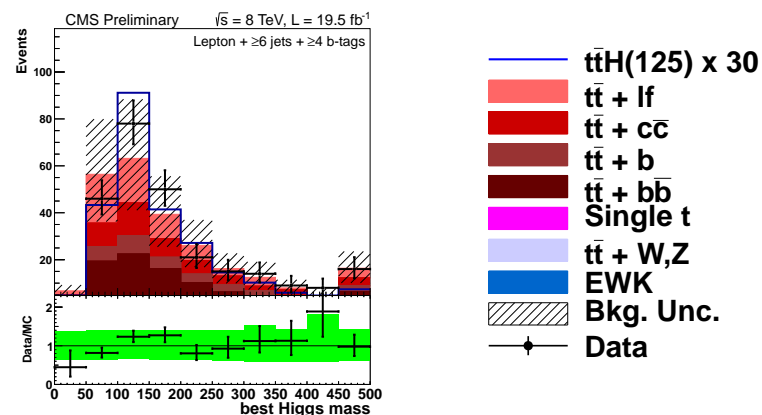
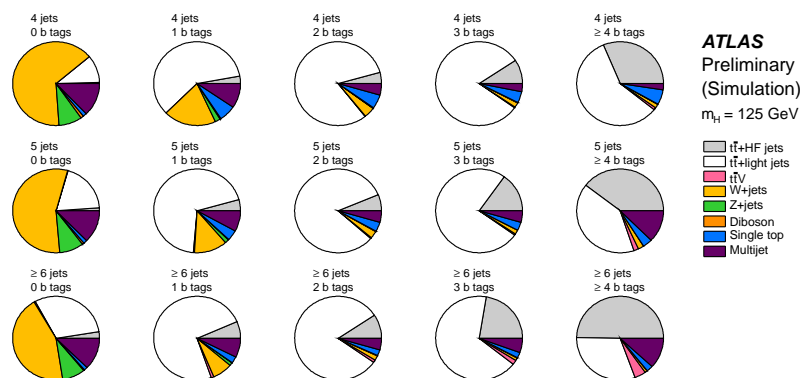
- a 95% C.L. upper limit of 5.4 (CMS) and 5.3 (ATLAS) times  $\sigma_{SM}$  in the  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  channel;
- 95% C.L. upper limit of 5.2 (CMS) times  $\sigma_{SM}$  in the  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  channel;
- first measurement of signal strength:  $\sigma/\sigma_{SM} = 2.5_{-1.0}^{+1.1}$  (combining  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}, \gamma\gamma, \tau^+\tau^-$ , and assuming SM Br).





# Main limitations

- ▶ All signal and background samples used in experimental analyses still do not include NLO QCD corrections;
- ▶ Irreducible backgrounds introduce large uncertainty (e.g.  $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$ ,  $t\bar{t}jj$  for  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ )



$t\bar{t}H$ : PYTHIA

$t\bar{t}+jets$ : ALPGEN+HERWIG (ATLAS), MADGRAPH+PYTHIA (CMS)

$t\bar{t}W/Z$ : MADGRAPH+PYTHIA

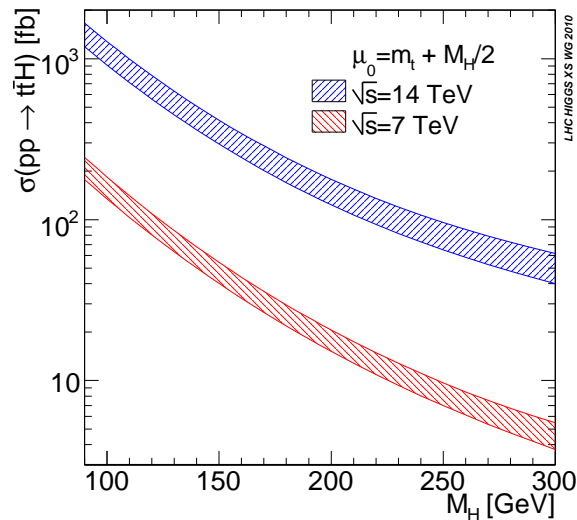
# $t\bar{t}H$ : towards more accurate theoretical predictions

NLO QCD corrections to  $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}H$  from:

- Beenakker et al. (arXiv:hep-ph/0107081, arXiv:hep-ph/0211352)
- Dawson et al. (arXiv:hep-ph/0107101, arXiv:hep-ph/0211438)

used to estimate the theoretical uncertainties currently used in Higgs searches

- ↪ Higgs Cross Section Working Group (HXS WG- $t\bar{t}H$ )  
(First Yellow Report, arXiv:1101.059)



$$m_H \simeq 125 \text{ GeV}, \sqrt{s} = 14 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\delta\sigma^{NLO}|_{scale}(\%) \simeq [+5.9, -3.3]$$

$$\delta\sigma^{NLO}|_{PDF+\alpha_s} \simeq \pm 8.9$$

where

$$\text{scale: } \mu_0/2 < \mu < 2\mu_0$$

PDF: MSTW08, CTEQ6.6, NNPDF2.0

## Matched at NLO to Parton Shower Monte Carlo generators

NLO calculation (by Dawson et al.) interfaced with Parton Shower Monte Carlo generators (PYTHIA/HERWIG) within

- ▷ POWHEG-BOX
- ▷ Sherpa

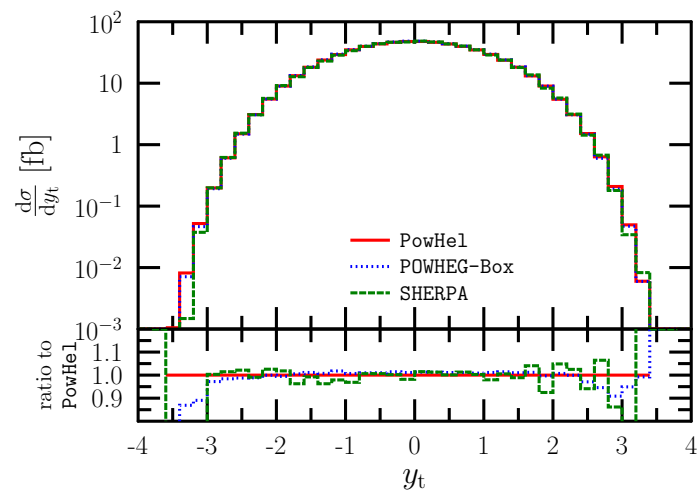
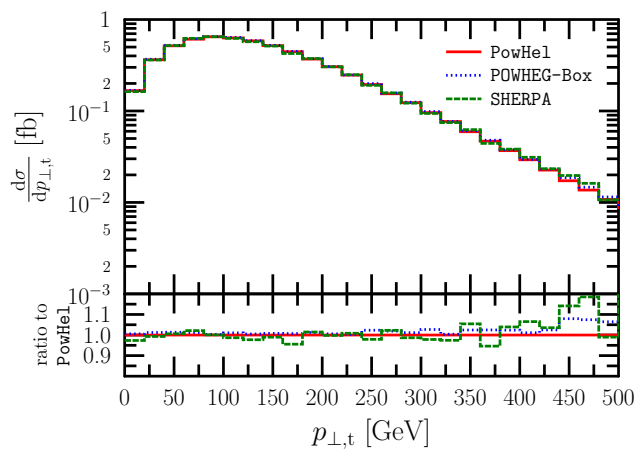
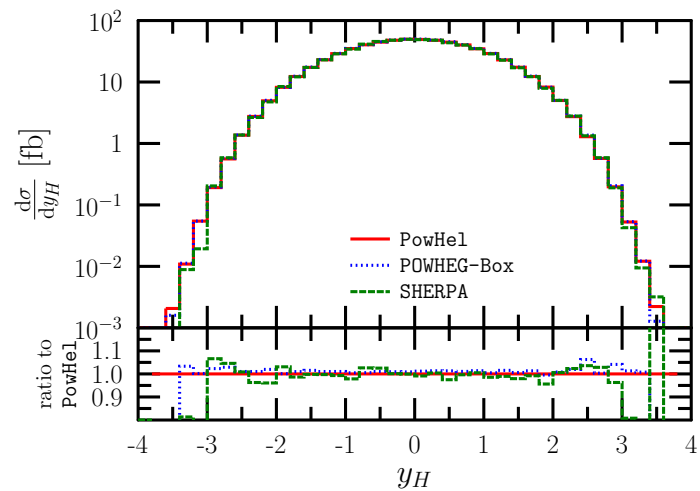
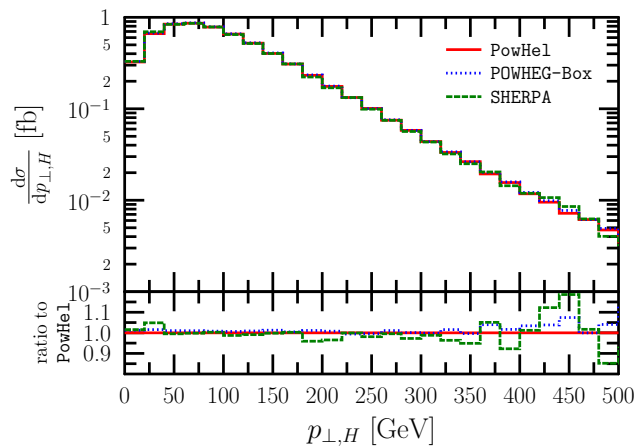
and successfully compared to PowHel (HELAC-NLO+POWHEG-BOX)

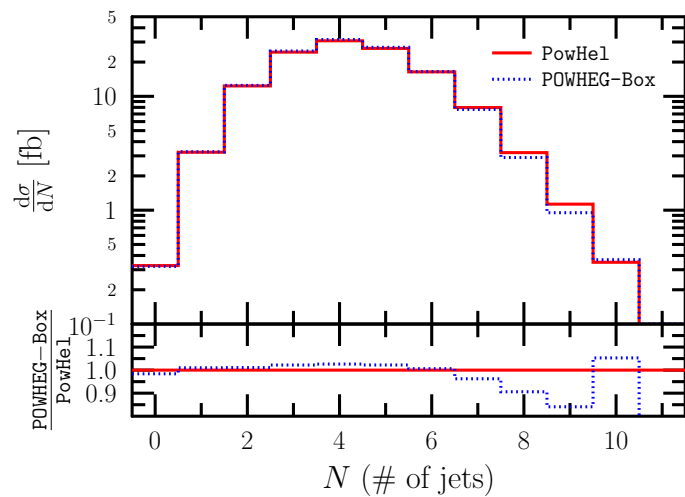
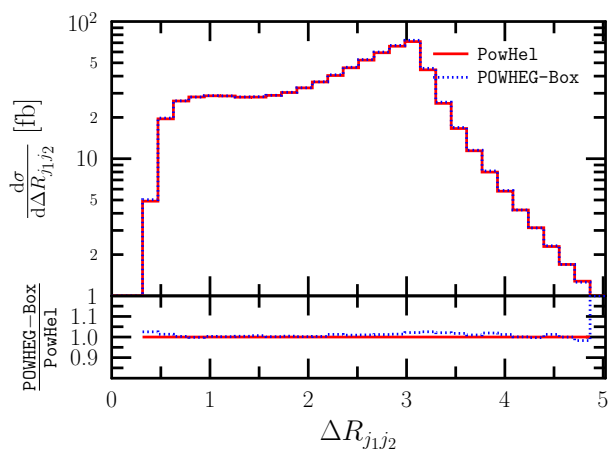
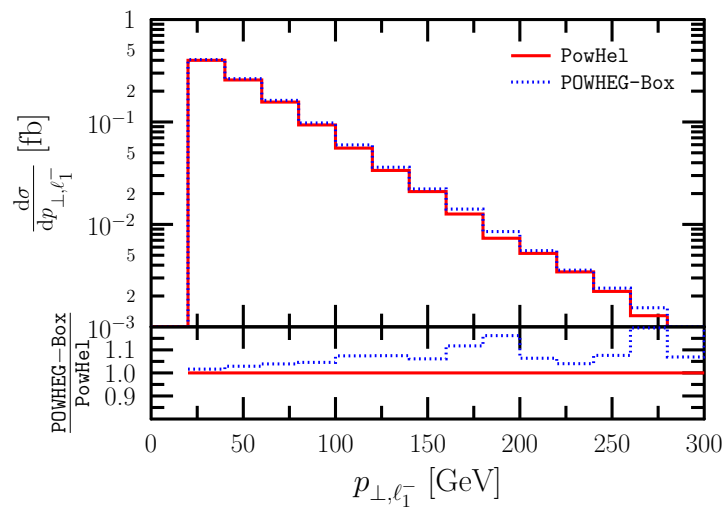
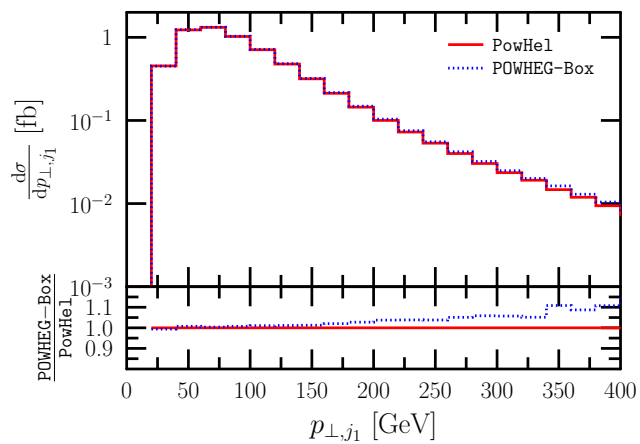
↪ Garzelli, Kardos, Trócsányi ; Jäger, Hartanto, Reina, Wackerroth

Les Houches Higgs Working Group (2013)

for a standard choice of selection cuts, and assuming  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  (all decays implemented through the PS MC),

- $p_T^{jet} > 20 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $|y^{jet}| < 4.5$
- $p_T^l > 20 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $|y^l| < 2.5$
- $\Delta R_{l,jet} > 0.4$

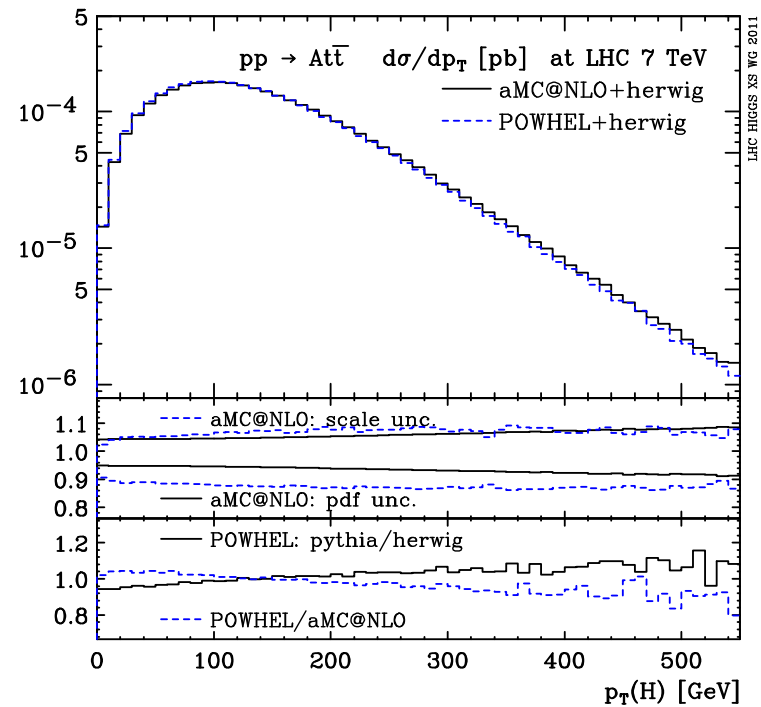
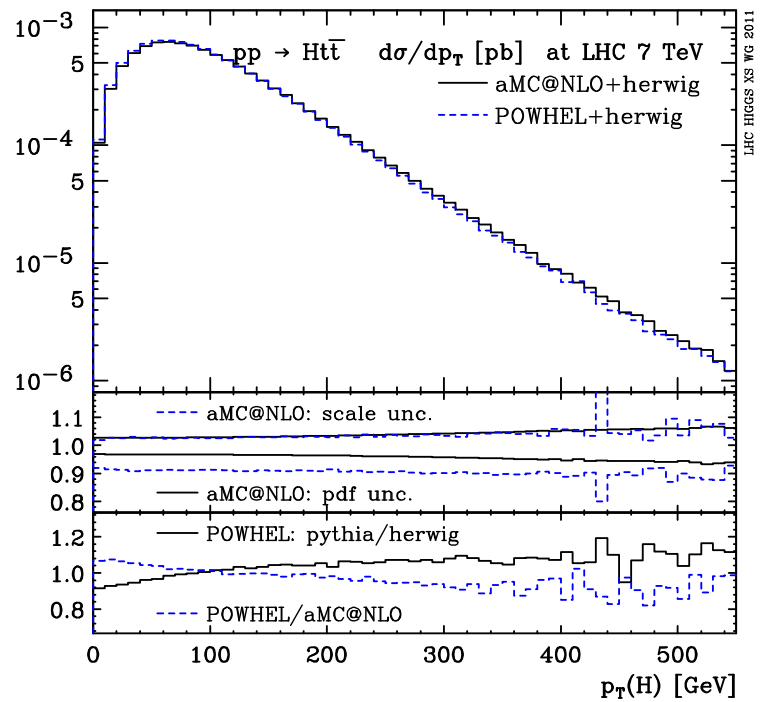




Independent calculation from aMC@NLO, also successfully compared with PowHel (both  $t\bar{t}H$  and  $t\bar{t}A$ )

↪ Garzelli, Kardos, Trócsányi ; Frederix

(HXS WG- $t\bar{t}H$ , Yellow Report II, arXiv:1201.3084)



# Background: $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$

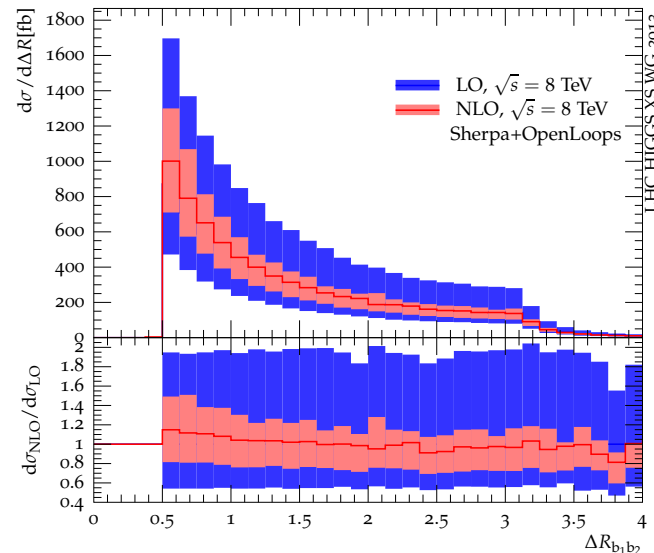
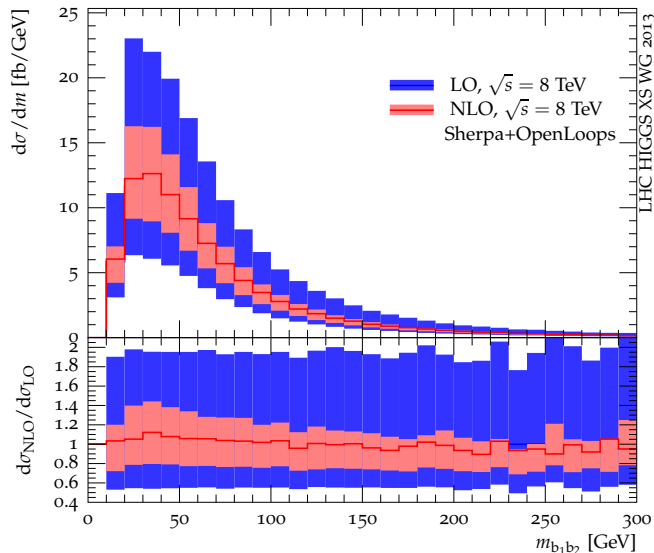
NLO QCD corrections to  $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$  calculated in:

→ Bredenstein et al. (arXiv:0807.1248, arXiv:0905.0110, arXiv:1001.4006)

→ Bevilacqua et al. (arXiv:0907.4723)

→ Bevilacqua et al. (arXiv:1403.2046): ratio  $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}/t\bar{t}jj$  See Bevilacqua's talk

updated in the context of HXSWG- $t\bar{t}H$  ( $\sqrt{s} = 7, 8$  GeV) (Yellow Report 3, arXiv:1307.1347)



Now interfaced with PS Monte Carlo (Sherpa) in the context of OPENLOOP+Sherpa

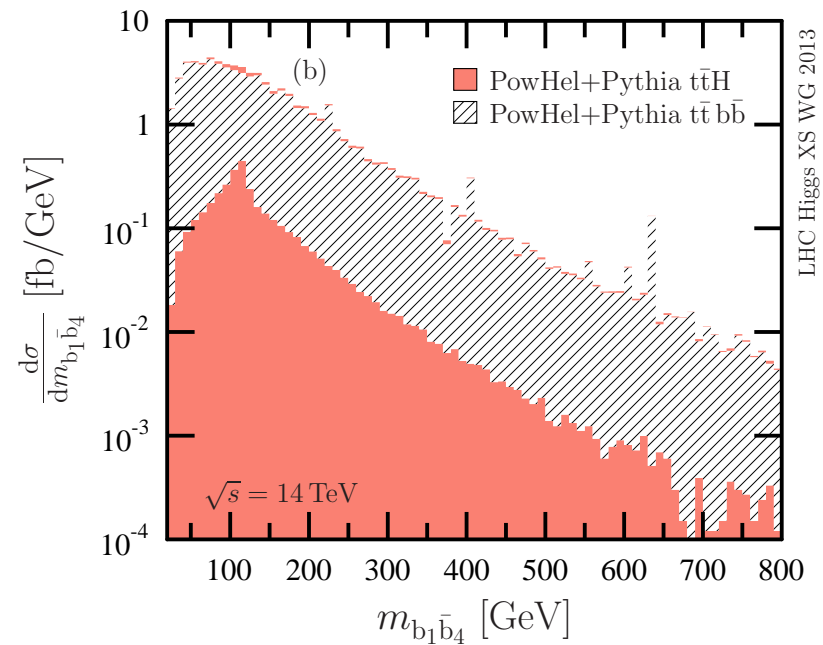
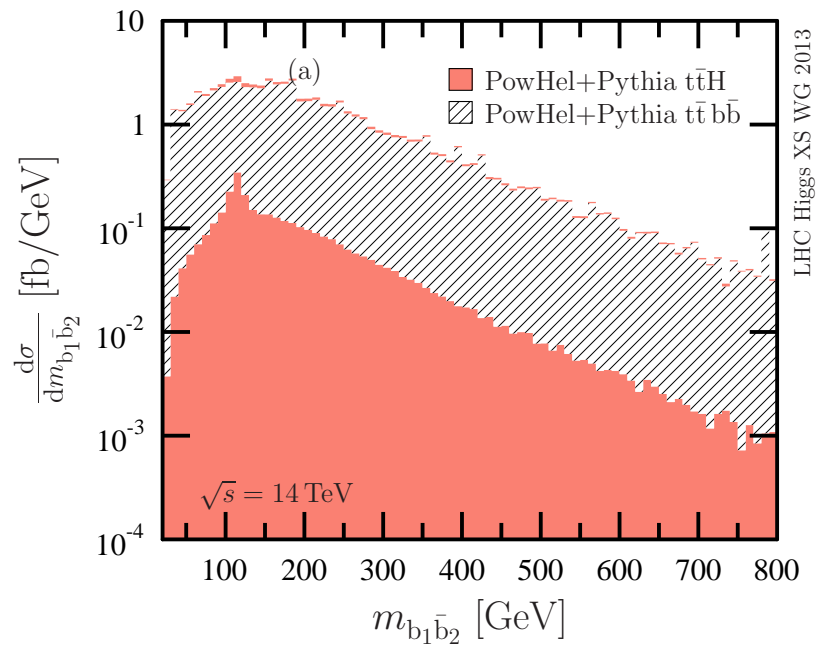
→ Cascioli, et al (arXiv:1309.5912)

# Powhel: $t\bar{t}H$ vs $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$

HELAC-NLO calculation (Bevilacqua et al.) interfaced with PS Monte Carlo using POWHEG

→ Kardos, et al. (arXiv:1303.6291)

→ Garzelli, et al. (HXS WG, Yellow Report 3, arXiv:1307.1347)





## Outlook and Conclusions

- ▶  $t\bar{t}H$  crucial player in precision measurement of Higgs couplings: rich potential when all properties are considered
  - ↪ See [B. Mele](#)'s talk today
- ▶ First measurements from Run I of the LHC very promising. Awaiting Run II for much larger statistics.
- ▶ Great progress in implementing existing NLO QCD calculations into PS Monte Carlos, available to the experiments for future analyses.
- ▶ Complex backgrounds like  $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$  now thoroughly under examination as benchmark process for several cutting-edge multijet automated NLO calculators.
  - ↪ See [G. Bevilacqua](#)'s talk on Friday