



# Searches for SUSY at CMS

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#### Motivation

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You came to a conference called SUSY2016, I'd say you're already probably motivated by SOME aspect of SUSY.





#### Persuasive...

#### It is tempting to just buy in.







#### Overview:



Where we are

Where we're going





#### **Overview:**



Run I and early Run II results for SUSY

- Where we are
  - 2016 data collection
  - New results since early this year (post Moriond)

#### Where we're going

 Our future plans with what are starting to be some respectable sized 13 TeV datasets.





#### Where to look?

- I fully admit to having stolen this from a theory talk preRun I.
- Why look under the lamppost? That's where the light is.
- As we gain more data, the illuminated circle, so to speak, widens and allows us access to regions we couldn't see before.







#### Into the LHC

- This is just meant to give a hint of why we've done what we've done.
- Clearly if you want to look for the highest cross sections you start with gluinos and squarks.



https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/SUSYCrossSections





#### Where we were...

- A big summary of the searches for SUSY in Run I
- All SMS-es! A great leap forward in characterizing what we're actually able to say with our particular final state driven analyses.



Probe "up to" the quoted mass limit





### Where we were (2)

- At the end of 2015, there was a big analysis jamboree in which a lot of 13 TeV results were presented...
- And then of course there was Moriond.







#### Never complete without:



 An experimental talk is never complete without the star of our show.



Fraction (%)

# 2016 Progress:





CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp, 2015,  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV

- LHC continues to provide a huge amount of data.
- With our cryo problems dealt with, CMS is recording a lot of high quality data quickly.
- Note the difference in both axes.







#### Hadronic searches

- For strong production, even in compressed scenarios, hadronic searches like α<sub>T</sub> provide significant constraints.
- In what has become common, this analysis is performed across a variety of bins of total hadronic energy, jet multiplicity and b-tags



arXiv:1605.08993 See talk by T. Sakuma





#### Results

Needed a separate slide for this, because this plot is showing what this one analysis is able to do across a variety of different scenarios.







### Soft leptons



 In order to maintain sensitivity in regions of phase space where the mass splittings may be small, dedicated analyses that go into the more difficult regions, like low lepton p<sub>T</sub> are important.



# Soft leptons



• Another tour de force of covering the space of jet multiplicity, missing transverse energy, and the real extrema of distributions.

You can also see the novel slice of phase space that is uniquely excluded here.

SUS-16-011







# **R-parity violating SUSY**

- R-parity violation experimentally can be a much different beast than our friendly R-parity conserving high missing transverse energy signatures.
- This particular effort searches for pair produced LSPs which are long lived, which thus gives rise to pairs of displaced vertices as a signature.









#### **Displaced Vertices**

CMS Preliminary

Analysis makes use of custom secondary vertex reconstruction, which is similar to that used in b-tagging, but without some of the kinematic assumptions





17.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> (8 TeV





### Photons and MET

- A tried and true signature for GMSB SUSY.
- MET shapes are modeled using data control samples with no true missing transverse energy.
- Continuum backgrounds are large, and the tail of the distribution is the most sensitive region.

SUS-15-012 See talk by J. Schulz









#### Photons and MET

- Note that while I showed the SMS strong production diagram, there's nothing in this analysis that is particular to that final state.
- With more data, and better understanding of some of the shape related uncertainties, this can also be applied to electroweak production.
- SUS-15-012 See talk by J. Schulz







### PMSSM

A pretty innovative idea, given our data, what can we really generally say about the constraints that we've placed on the full SUSY space?

 Not every analysis was incorporated, but a pretty wide net was cast.

Analysis	$\sqrt{s}$ [TeV]	$\mathcal{L}$ [fb <sup>-1</sup> ]	Likelihood
Hadronic $H_{\rm T}$ + $H_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ search [8]	7	4.98	counts
Hadronic $H_{\rm T}$ + $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ + b-jets search [9]	7	4.98	counts
Leptonic search for EW prod. of $\tilde{\chi}^0$ , $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}$ , $\tilde{I}$ [10]	7	4.98	counts
Hadronic $H_{\rm T}$ + $H_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ search [11]	8	19.5	counts
Hadronic $M_{T2}$ search [12]	8	19.5	counts
Hadronic $H_{T}$ + $E_{T}^{\text{miss}}$ + b-jets search [13]	8	19.4	$\chi^2$
Monojet searches [14]	8	19.7	binary
Hadronic third generation squark search [15]	8	19.4	counts
OS dilepton (OS ll) search [16]	8	19.4	counts
LS dilepton (LS ll) search [17] (only channels w/o third lepton veto)	8	19.5	counts
Leptonic search for EW prod. of $\tilde{\chi}^0$ , $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}$ , $\tilde{l}$ [18] (only LS, 3 lepton, and 4 lepton channels)	8	19.5	counts
Combination of 7 TeV searches	7		binary
Combination of 7 and 8 TeV searches	7,8	—	binary

arXiv:1606.03577, see talk by J. Sonneweld





# PMSSM (2)

There's a lot that COULD be said about both how this work was done and what it says in the end.

I'll be brief here...

arXiv:1606.03577, see talk by J. Sonneweld









#### Combinations are key.

- One of the only ways in which to form a consistent picture:
  - Cover all boson decay modes
  - Kinematics
  - Neutralino branching fractions







#### Combinations

- Note the ones I'm mentioning here.
- These are identically those production modes that didn't constrain the PMSSM very much, there's a reason for that.







#### Combinations

- Note the ones I'm mentioning here.
- Careful planning and coordination between analyses facilitates combination (also making sure various analyses are disjoint)









#### Advertisement:

- l've purposefully kept this in generalities. There are dedicated talks...
  - Search for supersymmetry in the single-lepton final state with CMS, C. Seitz (DESY)
  - Search for SUSY in hadronic final states with the AlphaT variable at CMS, T. Sakuma (Univ. of Bristol)
  - Search for supersymmetry in hadronic final states with the MT2 variable, M. Masciovecchio (ETH Zürich)
  - Search for supersymmetry in events with photons and missing transverse momentum, J. Schulz (RWTH, I. Physik. Inst.)
  - Search for supersymmetry in the multijet and missing transverse momentum channel in pp collisions at 13 TeV, K. Pedro
  - Search for supersymmetry in events with two or more leptons in pp collisions at 13 TeV at CMS, J. Hoss (ETH Zürich)
  - Phenomenological MSSM interpretation of CMS results, J. Sonneveld (University of Hamburg)
  - Inclusive searches for SUSY using the razor variables in CMS, J. Duarte (California Inst. of Tech.)
  - Search for third generation squarks in pp collisions at 13 TeV at CMS, F. Lacroix (UC Riverside)
  - MSSM Higgs searches with the CMS experiment, Ye Chen (Inst. of High Energy Physics)





### Summary

- We have done, and continue to do a very successful job constraining strong production.
- We're entering the era where we'll be able to say interesting things about electroweak production.



Armed with 2016 data, you should keep in mind that the combinations foreseen are planned for later/ the end of this year.







