

Special and General Relativity (PHZ 4601/5606) Fall 2017 Solutions

Set 12

38. Retarded potential and Lorenz gauge.

In the retarded solution

$$\Phi^\mu(\{x^\nu\}) = \frac{1}{c} \int d^3y \frac{J^\mu(x^0 - |\vec{x} - \vec{y}|, \vec{y})}{|\vec{x} - \vec{y}|}$$

for the potential we replace x^ν by $x^\nu + \epsilon^\nu$

$$\Phi^\mu(\{x^\nu + \epsilon^\nu\}) = \frac{1}{c} \int d^3y \frac{J^\mu(x^0 + \epsilon^0 - |\vec{x} + \vec{\epsilon} - \vec{y}|, \vec{y})}{|\vec{x} + \vec{\epsilon} - \vec{y}|}$$

and expand to order ϵ on the left hand side:

$$\Phi^\mu(\{x^\nu\}) + \epsilon^\rho \frac{\partial}{\partial x^\rho} \Phi^\mu(\{x^\nu\}) = \frac{1}{c} \int d^3y \frac{J^\mu(x^0 + \epsilon^0 - |\vec{x} + \vec{\epsilon} - \vec{y}|, \vec{y})}{|\vec{x} + \vec{\epsilon} - \vec{y}|}.$$

On the right hand side we substitute $\vec{y} = \vec{y}' + \vec{\epsilon}$ and get

$$\Phi^\mu(\{x^\nu\}) + \epsilon^\rho \frac{\partial}{\partial x^\rho} \Phi^\mu(\{x^\nu\}) = \frac{1}{c} \int d^3y' \frac{J^\mu(x^0 + \epsilon^0 - |\vec{x} - \vec{y}'|, \vec{y}' + \vec{\epsilon})}{|\vec{x} - \vec{y}'|},$$

where we used that the Jacobian is one, i.e., $d^3y = d^3y'$. We now expand to order ϵ on the right hand side (note $y'^0 + \epsilon^0 = x^0 + \epsilon^0 - |\vec{x} - \vec{y}'|$) and obtain

$$\epsilon^\rho \frac{\partial}{\partial x^\rho} \Phi^\mu(\{x^\nu\}) = \frac{1}{c} \epsilon^\rho \int \frac{d^3y'}{|\vec{x} - \vec{y}'|} \frac{\partial}{\partial y'^\rho} J^\mu(y'^0, \vec{y}')$$

As the ϵ^ρ are arbitrary, we can drop them, and we can also eliminate the prime on the integrations variable. So,

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x^\rho} \Phi^\mu(\{x^\nu\}) = \frac{1}{c} \int \frac{d^3y}{|\vec{x} - \vec{y}|} \frac{\partial}{\partial y^\rho} J^\mu(\{y^\nu\})$$

holds. Contracting σ with μ

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x^\mu} \Phi^\mu(\{x^\nu\}) = \frac{1}{c} \int \frac{d^3y}{|\vec{x} - \vec{y}|} \frac{\partial}{\partial y^\mu} J^\mu(\{y^\nu\}) = 0$$

follows due to current conservation on the right hand side, and the Lorenz gauge $\partial_\mu \Phi^\mu = 0$ is obtained on the left hand side.