

ADVANCED DYNAMICS — PHY 4241/5227

HOME AND CLASS WORK – SET 12

(March 31, 2009)

(51) For light from some galaxy the Balmer spectrum of the hydrogen atom is found at wavelengths  $\lambda = (729.2 \text{ nm}) m^2/(m^2-4)$ ,  $m = 3, 4, 5, \dots$ . Neglect expansion of space and find the speed at which the galaxy moves away or towards us. Due April 1 before class (4 points).

(52) (1) Taylor expand  $\sqrt{x+\epsilon}$  to leading order in  $\epsilon$ . (2) Substitute  $x = c^4 m_0^2$  and  $\epsilon = c^2 \vec{p}^2$ . (3) Compare with  $mv^2/2$ . Due April 1 in class (4 points).

(53) Derive for the momentum in the rest frame  $p^0 = c m_0$ , where  $m_0$  is the rest mass, from the relativistic transformation laws and the known definition of momentum in the non-relativistic limit. Due April 1 in class (4 points).

(54) (1) Write down the definition of  $\partial_\alpha$ . Due April 3 in class (1 point).

(2) Let  $A^\alpha$  be a vector field. Write down the scalar form this and  $\partial_\alpha$  (no scalar operators). Due April 3 in class (1 point).

(3) Use the quantities of assignments (1) and (2) to write down a rank two tensor  $T^{\alpha\beta}$  field (no tensor operator). Due April 3 in class (1 point).

(4) Write the equation

$$\partial_\alpha F^{\alpha\beta} = \frac{4\pi}{c} J^\beta$$

explicitly out for  $\beta = 0, 1, 2, 3$ . Due April 6 in class (4 points).

(5) Compare the  $\beta = 0$  result with  $\nabla \vec{E} = 4\pi\rho$  and the  $\beta = i = 1, 2, 3$  results with  $\nabla \times \vec{B} - c^{-1}(\partial \vec{E}/\partial t) = 4\pi \vec{J}/c$ . Due April 6 in class (4 points).

(55) An electron and a positron, each with mass equal to  $0.511 \text{ MeV}$ , annihilate at rest into two photons. Chose the rest frame of the positronium, such that one of the photons moves in positive  $x = x^1$  direction.

1. For each photon find the momentum 4-vector.
2. Find the 4-momentum in a frame that moves at a velocity  $c\beta\hat{x}$  with respect to the rest frame of the positronium.
3. Suppose that the annihilation took place  $10^9$  years ago in a galaxy that is receding from us at  $\beta = 4/5$ . What is the energy of the photon that we observe?

Due April 6 before class (10 points).