

**ADVANCED DYNAMICS — PHY 4241/5227**

**SOLUTIONS – SET 8**

(February 20, 2009)

(34) SI Units. For up-to-date information visit the NIST website.

1. The second [s] is defined, so that the frequency of light between the two hyperfine levels of the ground state of the cesium  $^{132}\text{Cs}$  atom is exactly 9,192,631,770 cycles per second.
2. The meter [m] is defined, so that the speed of light in vacuum is exactly 299,792,458 [m/s].
3. A one kilogram weight is kept at Sèvres near Paris.
4.  $1 \text{ N} = 1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2$ .
5. If two very long parallel wires one meter apart carry equal currents, the current in each is defined to be one Ampere [A] when the force per unit length on each wire is  $2 \times 10^{-7} \text{ [N/m]}$ .
6. One Coulomb [C] is the charge flowing through a cross-sectional area of a wire in one second when the current in the wire is one Ampere:  $\text{C} = \text{A} \cdot \text{s}$ .
7.  $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ N/A}^2$ .
8.  $\epsilon_0 = 8.85418782 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2/(\text{N} \cdot \text{m}^2)$ .