Mathematical Physics — PHZ 3113 Vectors 2 (Classwork January 9, 2013) Group # Participating students (print):

1. Write down the **commutative** law of vector addition

$$\vec{a} + \vec{b} = \tag{1}$$

2. Write down the **associative** law of vector addition

$$\left(\vec{a} + \vec{b}\right) + \vec{c} = \tag{2}$$

3. How is the positively chosen angle θ between two nD vectors \vec{a} , \vec{b} defined?

$$\cos(\theta) = \tag{3}$$

4. Write down the velocity for a nD position vector

$$\vec{r} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1(t) \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ x_n(t) \end{pmatrix}, \quad \vec{v} =$$
(4)

5. Draw (millimeter paper provided) $\vec{r}(t) = \vec{r}_0 + \vec{v} t$ with (in arbitrary units)

$$\vec{r}_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\4 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \vec{v}_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 4\\2 \end{pmatrix}, \quad 0 \le t \le 2. \quad (5)$$

6. Calculate the work (in SI units [J]) for

$$\vec{F} = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\1 \end{pmatrix} [N], \quad \Delta \vec{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\3 \end{pmatrix} [m]. \quad (6)$$
$$W = \tag{7}$$

7. Describe the surface swept out by \vec{r} for $(\vec{r}, \vec{r}) = \vec{r} = 0$ (9)

$$(\vec{r} - \vec{a}) \cdot \vec{a} = 0, \qquad (8)$$

$$(\vec{r} - \vec{a}) \cdot \vec{r} = 0, \qquad (9)$$

where \vec{a} is a constant non-zero nD vector (compare exercise 1.2.2 of the book). The trick is to write \vec{r} as

$$\vec{r} = (10)$$

Continue freely with the calculations for (8) and (9).