PHY 5667 : Quantum Field Theory A, Fall 2015

September
$$24^{th}$$
, 2015
Assignment # 4
(due Thursday October 8^{th} , 2015)

1. Under a Lorentz transformation (Λ) Dirac (and Majorana) fields transform as,

$$\psi'(x) = D(\Lambda)\psi(\Lambda^{-1}x) ,$$

where, denoting by $S^{\mu\nu}$ the generators of Lorentz transformations in the Dirac spinor representation, $D(\Lambda)$ for an infinitesimal transformation can be written as,

$$D(\Lambda) = 1 + \frac{i}{2} \delta \omega_{\mu\nu} S^{\mu\nu} .$$

- **1.a** Find the form of the generators $S^{\mu\nu}$.
- **1.b** Find in this representation the explicit form of a finite rotation by an angle θ about the z axis.
- **1.c** Find in this representation the explicit form of a finite boost by rapidity η in the z direction.
- **2.** Show that, for spinors $u^{s}(p)$ and $v^{s}(p)$,

$$\sum_{s=1,2} u^s(p) \bar{u}^s(p) = \gamma \cdot p + m \ ,$$

and

$$\sum_{s=1,2} v^s(p) \bar{v}^s(p) = \gamma \cdot p - m \; .$$

3. Prove the *Gordon identity*:

$$\bar{u}(p')\gamma^{\mu}u(p) = \bar{u}(p') \left[\frac{(p'+p)^{\mu}}{2m} + i\frac{\sigma^{\mu\nu}q_{\nu}}{2m}\right]u(p) ,$$

where $\sigma^{\mu\nu} = \frac{i}{2}[\gamma^{\mu}, \gamma^{\nu}]$ and q = (p' - p).

- 4. Problem 3.4 of Peskin and Schroeder's book.
- 5. Problem 3.6 of Peskin and Schroeder's book.