

The 1st Law of Thermo

- Two types of energy change of a system: work and heat
- Total energy change is the sum: first law

$$\Delta E_{\text{int}} = Q + W_{\text{on}}$$

Sometimes called "U" in thermo

- Note: work done by system has the opposite sign!

$$\Delta E_{\text{int}} = Q - W_{\text{by}}$$

Work by (on) Gases

$$W_{by} = \int_{V_1}^{V_2} p dV$$
$$W_{on} = -W_{by} = -\int p dV$$

- Special cases:

- Constant pressure (**isobaric**): $W_{on} = -p \Delta V$

- Constant temperature (**isothermal**): $W_{on} = -nRT \ln\left(\frac{V_2}{V_1}\right)$

- On a graph, on PV diagram: see board

Molar Specific Heat (of Gases)

- Gases have simple relationships for specific heat: if volume fixed, only depends on shape of molecule and how many (or how many moles)

$$Q = n C_V \Delta T$$

Constant-volume molar specific heat (J/mol/K)

- This is also the change in internal energy of *any* gas

$$\Delta E_{\text{int}} = n C_V \Delta T$$

- This constant-volume specific heat is directly related to R:

$$C_V = 3/2 R \text{ (monatomic)}$$

$$C_V = 5/2 R \text{ (diatomic)}$$